What is claimed is:

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- 1. A transmit-receive FM-CW radar apparatus which switches between transmission and reception by time division control, comprising: a mixer for downconverting an IF signal; a switch provided on an input side of said mixer; and a switch controller for controlling said switch on and off in different modes and selecting said IF signal in said different modes for supply to said mixer.
- 2. A transmit-receive FM-CW radar apparatus as claimed in claim 1, wherein said radar apparatus comprises a plurality of said mixers, each for downconverting said IF signal, and a plurality of said switches one each provided on the input side of each of said plurality of mixers, and wherein said switch controller controls said plurality of switches on and off in different modes and selects said IF signal in said different modes for supply to said plurality of mixers respectively.
- 20 3. A transmit-receive FM-CW radar apparatus as claimed in claim 1, wherein said radar apparatus comprises: a plurality of said mixers, each for downconverting said IF signal; a selector switch for supplying said IF signal to each of said plurality of mixers by switching a connection thereof between said mixers; and a switching controller for controlling timing for connecting said selector switch to each of said plurality of mixers, and for causing said selector switch to select said IF signal in said different modes for supply to each of said plurality of mixers.
  - 4. A transmit-receive FM-CW radar apparatus as claimed in claim 1, wherein said mixer is a single mixer, and said radar apparatus includes: a switch, provided on the input side of said single mixer, for turning on and off said IF signal to be input to said mixer; and a mode selector for controlling said switch on and off in different modes while selecting said on/off mode by

switching between said different modes.

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- 5. A transmit-receive FM-CW radar apparatus as claimed in claim 1, wherein said mixer is a single mixer, and said radar apparatus includes: a switch, provided on the input side of said single mixer, for turning on and off said IF signal to be input to said mixer; and a mode controller for turning said switch on and off in a specific mode.
- 6. A transmit-receive FM-CW radar apparatus as claimed in any one of claims 1 to 3, wherein said different modes consist of a short-range mode for selecting an IF signal containing a signal from a short-range target, a mid-range mode for selecting an IF signal containing a signal from a mid-range target, and a long-range mode for selecting an IF signal containing a signal from a long-range target.
  - 7. A transmit-receive FM-CW radar apparatus as claimed in claim 4, wherein said mode selector switches said mode to any one of said different modes which consist of a short-range mode for selecting an IF signal containing a signal from a short-range target, a mid-range mode for selecting an IF signal containing a signal from a mid-range target, and a long-range mode for selecting an IF signal containing a signal from a long-range target.
  - 8. A transmit-receive FM-CW radar apparatus as claimed in claim 4, wherein said mode selector switches said mode sequentially through a short-range mode for selecting an IF signal containing a signal from a short-range target, a mid-range mode for selecting an IF signal containing a signal from a mid-range target, and a long-range mode for selecting an IF signal containing a signal from a long-range target.
- 9. A transmit-receive FM-CW radar apparatus as claimed in claim 5, wherein said specific mode is any one of modes consisting of a short-range mode for selecting an IF signal containing a signal from a short-range

target, a mid-range mode for selecting an IF signal containing a signal from a mid-range target, and a long-range mode for selecting an IF signal containing a signal from a long-range target.

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- 10. A transmit-receive FM-CW radar apparatus as claimed in any one of claims 1 to 3, wherein said different modes consist of a mode for selecting an IF signal corresponding to a portion occupying up to a point about 1/3 from a leading edge of a received reflected wave, a mode for selecting an IF signal corresponding to a portion occupying up to a point about 2/3 from the leading edge of said received reflected wave, and a mode for selecting an IF signal corresponding to an entire portion of said received reflected wave.
- 11. A transmit-receive FM-CW radar apparatus as claimed in any one of claims 1 to 3, wherein said different modes consist of a mode for selecting an IF signal corresponding to a portion occupying up to a point about 1/3 from a leading edge of a received reflected

  20 wave, a mode for selecting an IF signal corresponding to a portion occupying from the point about 1/3 to a point about 2/3 from the leading edge of said received reflected wave, and a mode for selecting an IF signal corresponding to a portion occupying from the point about 2/3 to a point about 3/3 from the leading edge of said received reflected wave.
  - 12. A transmit-receive FM-CW radar apparatus as claimed in claim 4, wherein said mode selector switches said mode to any one of said different modes which consist of a mode for selecting an IF signal corresponding to a portion occupying up to a point about 1/3 from a leading edge of a received reflected wave, a mode for selecting an IF signal corresponding to a portion occupying up to a point about 2/3 from the leading edge of said received reflected wave, and a mode for selecting an IF signal corresponding to an entire portion of said received reflected wave.

13. A transmit-receive FM-CW radar apparatus as claimed in claim 4, wherein said mode selector switches said mode sequentially through a mode for selecting an IF signal corresponding to a portion occupying up to a point about 1/3 from a leading edge of a received reflected wave, a mode for selecting an IF signal corresponding to a portion occupying up to a point about 2/3 from the leading edge of said received reflected wave, and a mode for selecting an IF signal corresponding to an entire portion of said received reflected wave.

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- 14. A transmit-receive FM-CW radar apparatus as claimed in claim 4, wherein said mode selector switches said mode to any one of said different modes which consist of a mode for selecting an IF signal

  15 corresponding to a portion occupying up to a point about 1/3 from a leading edge of a received reflected wave, a mode for selecting an IF signal corresponding to a portion occupying from the point about 1/3 to a point about 2/3 from the leading edge of said received

  20 reflected wave, and a mode for selecting an IF signal corresponding to a portion occupying from the point about 2/3 to a point about 3/3 from the leading edge of said received reflected wave.
  - 15. A transmit-receive FM-CW radar apparatus as claimed in claim 4, wherein said mode selector switches said mode sequentially through a mode for selecting an IF signal corresponding to a portion occupying up to a point about 1/3 from a leading edge of a received reflected wave, a mode for selecting an IF signal corresponding to a portion occupying from the point about 1/3 to a point about 2/3 from the leading edge of said received reflected wave, and a mode for selecting an IF signal corresponding to a portion occupying from the point about 2/3 to a point about 3/3 from the leading edge of said received reflected wave.
  - 16. A transmit-receive FM-CW radar apparatus as claimed in claim 5, wherein said specific mode is any one

of modes consisting of a mode for selecting an IF signal corresponding to a portion occupying up to a point about 1/3 from a leading edge of a received reflected wave, a mode for selecting an IF signal corresponding to a portion occupying up to a point about 2/3 from the leading edge of said received reflected wave, and a mode for selecting an IF signal corresponding to an entire portion of said received reflected wave.

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- 17. A transmit-receive FM-CW radar apparatus as claimed in claim 5, wherein said specific mode is any one of modes consisting of a mode for selecting an IF signal corresponding to a portion occupying up to a point about 1/3 from a leading edge of a received reflected wave, a mode for selecting an IF signal corresponding to a portion occupying from the point about 1/3 to a point about 2/3 from the leading edge of said received reflected wave, and a mode for selecting an IF signal corresponding to a portion occupying from the point about 2/3 to a point about 3/3 from the leading edge of said received reflected wave.
- 18. A transmit-receive FM-CW radar apparatus comprising: a mixer for downconverting an IF signal; a switch for turning on and off a local signal to be supplied to said mixer; and a switch controller for controlling said switch on and off in different modes and selecting said local signal in said different modes for supply to said mixer.
- 19. A transmit-receive FM-CW radar apparatus as claimed in claim 18, wherein said radar apparatus comprises a plurality of said mixers, each for downconverting said IF signal, and a plurality of said switches one each provided for each of said plurality of mixers, and wherein said switch controller controls said plurality of switches in different modes and selects said local signal in said different modes for supply to said plurality of mixers respectively.
  - 20. A transmit-receive FM-CW radar apparatus as

claimed in claim 18, wherein said mixer is a single mixer, and said switch for turning on and off said local signal is provided for said single mixer, and wherein said radar apparatus includes a mode selector for controlling said switch on and off in different modes while selecting said on/off mode by switching between said different modes.

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- 21. A transmit-receive FM-CW radar apparatus as claimed in claim 18, wherein said mixer is a single mixer, and said switch for turning on and off said local signal is provided for said single mixer, and wherein said radar apparatus includes a mode controller for turning said switch on and off in a specific mode.
- 22. A transmit-receive FM-CW radar apparatus as claimed in any one of claims 18 or 19, wherein said different modes consist of a short-range mode for downconverting an IF signal containing a signal from a short-range target, a mid-range mode for downconverting an IF signal containing a signal from a mid-range target, and a long-range mode for downconverting an IF signal containing a signal from a long-range target.
- 23. A transmit-receive FM-CW radar apparatus as claimed in claim 20, wherein said mode selector switches said mode to any one of said different modes which consist of a short-range mode for downconverting an IF signal containing a signal from a short-range target, a mid-range mode for downconverting an IF signal containing a signal from a mid-range target, and a long-range mode for downconverting an IF signal containing a signal from a long-range target.
- 24. A transmit-receive FM-CW radar apparatus as claimed in claim 20, wherein said mode selector switches said mode sequentially through a short-range mode for downconverting an IF signal containing a signal from a short-range target, a mid-range mode for downconverting an IF signal containing a signal from a mid-range target, and a long-range mode for downconverting an IF signal

containing a signal from a long-range target.

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- 25. A transmit-receive FM-CW radar apparatus as claimed in claim 21, wherein said specific mode is any one of modes consisting of a short-range mode for downconverting an IF signal containing a signal from a short-range target, a mid-range mode for downconverting an IF signal containing a signal from a mid-range target, and a long-range mode for downconverting an IF signal containing a signal from a long-range target.
- 26. A transmit-receive FM-CW radar apparatus as claimed in any one of claims 18 or 19, wherein said different modes consist of a mode for downconverting an IF signal corresponding to a portion occupying up to a point about 1/3 from a leading edge of a received reflected wave, a mode for downconverting an IF signal corresponding to a portion occupying up to a point about 2/3 from the leading edge of said received reflected wave, and a mode for downconverting an IF signal corresponding to an entire portion of said received reflected wave.
  - 27. A transmit-receive FM-CW radar apparatus as claimed in any one of claims 18 or 19, wherein said different modes consist of a mode for downconverting an IF signal corresponding to a portion occupying up to a point about 1/3 from a leading edge of a received reflected wave, a mode for downconverting an IF signal corresponding to a portion occupying from the point about 1/3 to a point about 2/3 from the leading edge of said received reflected wave, and a mode for downconverting an IF signal corresponding to a portion occupying from the point about 2/3 to a point about 3/3 from the leading edge of said received reflected wave.
  - 28. A transmit-receive FM-CW radar apparatus as claimed in claim 20, wherein said mode selector switches said mode to any one of said different modes which consist of a mode for downconverting an IF signal corresponding to a portion occupying up to a point about

1/3 from a leading edge of a received reflected wave, a mode for downconverting an IF signal corresponding to a portion occupying up to a point about 2/3 from the leading edge of said received reflected wave, and a mode for downconverting an IF signal corresponding to an entire portion of said received reflected wave.

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- 29. A transmit-receive FM-CW radar apparatus as claimed in claim 20, wherein said mode selector switches said mode sequentially through a mode for downconverting an IF signal corresponding to a portion occupying up to a point about 1/3 from a leading edge of a received reflected wave, a mode for downconverting an IF signal corresponding to a portion occupying up to a point about 2/3 from the leading edge of said received reflected wave, and a mode for downconverting an IF signal corresponding to an entire portion of said received reflected wave.
- 30. A transmit-receive FM-CW radar apparatus as claimed in claim 20, wherein said mode selector switches said mode to any one of said different modes which consist of a mode for downconverting an IF signal corresponding to a portion occupying up to a point about 1/3 from a leading edge of a received reflected wave, a mode for downconverting an IF signal corresponding to a portion occupying from the point about 1/3 to a point about 2/3 from the leading edge of said received reflected wave, and a mode for downconverting an IF signal corresponding to a portion occupying from the point about 2/3 to a point about 3/3 from the leading edge of said received reflected wave.
- 31. A transmit-receive FM-CW radar apparatus as claimed in claim 20, wherein said mode selector switches said mode sequentially through a mode for downconverting an IF signal corresponding to a portion occupying up to a point about 1/3 from a leading edge of a received reflected wave, a mode for downconverting an IF signal corresponding to a portion occupying from the point about

1/3 to a point about 2/3 from the leading edge of said received reflected wave, and a mode for downconverting an IF signal corresponding to a portion occupying from the point about 2/3 to a point about 3/3 from the leading edge of said received reflected wave.

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- 32. A transmit-receive FM-CW radar apparatus as claimed in claim 21, wherein said specific mode is any one of modes consisting of a mode for downconverting an IF signal corresponding to a portion occupying up to a point about 1/3 from a leading edge of a received reflected wave, a mode for downconverting an IF signal corresponding to a portion occupying up to a point about 2/3 from the leading edge of said received reflected wave, and a mode for downconverting an IF signal corresponding to an entire portion of said received reflected wave.
- 33. A transmit-receive FM-CW radar apparatus as claimed in claim 21, wherein said specific mode is any one of modes consisting of a mode for downconverting an IF signal corresponding to a portion occupying up to a point about 1/3 from a leading edge of a received reflected wave, a mode for downconverting an IF signal corresponding to a portion occupying from the point about 1/3 to a point about 2/3 from the leading edge of said received reflected wave, and a mode for downconverting an IF signal corresponding to a portion occupying from the point about 2/3 to a point about 3/3 from the leading edge of said received reflected wave.